

The Long and Winding Road to Equal Pay



Slower Progress and Substantial Differences Among States Mark the 1990s

Highlights for Working Women in Hawaii

- Working women in Hawaii are farther along the road to equal pay than women in many states; in 2000, Hawaii's working women earned 78.9 percent as much per hour as men, while nationwide women earned only 77.6 percent as much per hour as men. Hawaii ranked 19th among all states in equal pay.
- The rate of progress in closing Hawaii's hourly wage gap was slower than average in the 1990s. Hawaii ranked 34th among all states in progress in closing the hourly wage gap.
- A decline in wage growth for men contributed to the closing of the gap—wages for men in Hawaii fell by 4.3 percent over the decade, compared with 0.6 percent wage growth for women.
- At the current rate of change, working women in Hawaii won't have equal pay until 2049. Nationwide, women won't achieve equal pay until after 2050.

One of a series of fact sheets on Equal Pay produced by the AFL-CIO Civil, Human & Women's Rights Department and Public Policy Department. If you would like more information on the AFL-CIO Working Women's Program, please contact Rachna Choudhry at 202-508-6904 or via e-mail at rchoudhr@aflcio.org. Also, please visit the AFL-CIO Working Women website at www.aflcio.org/women.